New Program Rule 24 Matrix

**Revised Program Table of Alignment of Standards and Assessments**

**Name of Institution:**

**Date Submitted:**

Endorsement: **MIDDLE LEVEL EDUCATION-D1c-SCIENCE** Grade Levels: **5-9**

Total Hours Required by Rule 24: **24 Program Hours Required by Institution:** Endorsement Type: **SUBJECT**

| **Place an X in the box corresponding to the course that meets the following requirements:** | **List the courses the institution requires to meet Rule 24 requirements, associated Guidelines, and program hours required by the institution for this endorsement in the first row: (If more than 35 courses please fill out additional sheets)** |
| --- | --- |
| D1c Science - This matrix covers the 24 semester hours of the content area. See additional matrix addressing the 12 semester hours for Middle Level professional education courses. | **EXAMPLE:CHEM 101 or 102 3 CR** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Content Knowledge. Effective teachers of science understand and articulate the knowledge and practices of contemporary science. They interrelate and interpret important concepts, ideas, and applications in their fields of licensure.
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| * 1. Understand the major concepts, principles, theories, laws, and interrelationships of their fields of licensure and supporting fields as recommended by the National Science Teachers Association.
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| * 1. Understand the central concepts of the supporting disciplines and the supporting role of science-specific technology.
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| * 1. Show an understanding of state and national curriculum standards and their impact on the content knowledge necessary for teaching middle level students.
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| 1. Content Pedagogy Effective teachers of science understand how students learn and develop scientific knowledge. They use scientific inquiry to develop this knowledge for all students.
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| * 1. Plan multiple lessons using a variety of inquiry approaches that demonstrate their knowledge and understanding of how all students learn science.
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| * 1. Include active inquiry lessons where students collect and interpret data in order to develop and communicate concepts and understand scientific processes, relationships and natural patterns from empirical experiences. Applications of science-specific technology are included in the lessons when appropriate.
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| * 1. Design instruction and assessment strategies that confront and address naïve concepts/preconceptions.
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| 1. Learning Environments. Effective teachers of science are able to plan for engaging all students in science learning by setting appropriate goals that are consistent with knowledge of how students learn science and are aligned with state and national standards. The plans reflect the nature and social context of science, inquiry, and appropriate safety considerations. Candidates design and select learning activities, instructional settings, and resources--including science-specific technology, to achieve those goals; and they plan fair and equitable assessment strategies to evaluate if the learning goals are met.
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| * 1. Use a variety of strategies that demonstrate the candidates’ knowledge and understanding of how to select the appropriate teaching and learning activities – including laboratory or field settings and applicable instruments and/or technology- to allow access so that all students learn. These strategies are inclusive and motivating for all students.
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| * 1. Develop lesson plans that include active inquiry lessons where students collect and interpret data using applicable science-specific technology in order to develop concepts, understand scientific processes, relationships and natural patterns from empirical experiences. These plans provide for equitable achievement of science literacy for all students.
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| * 1. Plan fair and equitable assessment strategies to analyze student learning and to evaluate if the learning goals are met. Assessment strategies are designed to continuously evaluate preconceptions and ideas that students hold and the understandings that students have formulated.
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| * 1. Plan a learning environment and learning experiences for all students that demonstrate chemical safety, safety procedures, and the ethical treatment of living organisms within their licensure area.
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| 1. Safety. Effective teachers of science can, in a middle level classroom setting, demonstrate and maintain chemical safety, safety procedures, and the ethical treatment of living organisms needed in the middle level science classroom.
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| * 1. Design activities in a middle level classroom that demonstrate the safe and proper techniques for the preparation, storage, dispensing, supervision, and disposal of all materials used within their subject area science instruction.
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| * 1. Design and demonstrate activities in a middle level classroom that demonstrate an ability to implement emergency procedures and the maintenance of safety equipment, policies and procedures that comply with established state and/or national guidelines. Candidates ensure safe science activities appropriate for the abilities of all students.
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| * 1. Design and demonstrate activities in a middle level classroom that demonstrate ethical decision-making with respect to the treatment of all living organisms in and out of the classroom. They emphasize safe, humane, and ethical treatment of animals and comply with the legal restrictions on the collection, keeping, and use of living organisms.
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| 1. Impact on Student Learning. Effective teachers of science provide evidence to show that middle level students’ understanding of major science concepts, principles, theories, and laws have changed as a result of instruction by the candidate and that student knowledge is at a level of understanding beyond memorization. Candidates provide evidence for the diversity of students they teach.
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| * 1. Collect, organize, analyze, and reflect on diagnostic, formative and summative evidence of a change in mental functioning demonstrating that scientific knowledge is gained and/or corrected.
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| * 1. Provide data to show that middle level students are able to distinguish science from nonscience, understand the evolution and practice of science as a human endeavor, and critically analyze assertions made in the name of science.
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| * 1. Engage students in developmentally appropriate inquiries that require them to develop concepts and relationships from their observations, data, and inferences in a scientific manner.
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| 1. Professional Knowledge and Skills. Effective teachers of science strive continuously to improve their knowledge and understanding of the ever changing knowledge base of both content, and science pedagogy, including approaches for addressing inequities and inclusion for all students in science. They identify with and conduct themselves as part of the science education community.
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| * 1. Engage in professional development opportunities in their content field such as talks, symposiums, research opportunities, or projects within their community.
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| * 1. Engage in professional development opportunities such as conferences, research opportunities, or projects within their community.
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